



How an offset works

Example only

Interest is charged on

\$300,000

OUTSTANDING HOME LOAN	HELD IN OFFSET FACILITY
\$400,000	\$100,000

Interest is calculated on \$300,000, not \$400,000. The offset balance is deducted daily before interest is worked out.

What is an SMSF offset facility?

Your SMSF offset facility is a transactional sub-account linked to your SMSF home loan. Any balance held in this sub-account helps reduce the interest charged on your loan by offsetting your loan balance for daily interest calculations.

Key features

100% offset	Every dollar in your offset facility (sub-account) reduces interest payable on your SMSF loan.
Non-interest bearing	The offset sub-account itself does not earn interest.
Offset benefit	Interest is calculated on the loan balance minus the offset sub-account balance.
Separate sub-account	Your offset facility is a distinct sub-account recorded in the name of your SMSF and is not embedded within your loan sub-account. It is a feature of your loan that reduces the balance on which interest is charged. It is not a deposit account, is not an everyday transaction account and is not covered by the Financial Claims Scheme.
Transactional limitations	The sub-account is a transactional sub-account of your SMSF loan and is not intended to operate as an everyday transaction account. Outgoing transactions are limited to BPAY payments and online redraws to the Cash Management Account (CMA) held in the same name as your SMSF loan. Pay Anyone and transfers to third party accounts are not available. Access to payment functionality may be restricted, or subject to our approval, from time to time. As trustee, you and your advisers remain responsible for ensuring each transaction is consistent with your fund's obligations, including under the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (SIS Act).
No SMSF loan redraw feature	A redraw facility does not form part of your SMSF loan. This applies despite any other provision of your loan agreement or the General Terms and Conditions. Funds held in your offset sub-account may be accessed through the permitted channels set out above, subject to our approval of the drawing and provided the withdrawal is permitted under the SIS Act. Accessing previously applied loan repayments for personal or business use may be treated as a new borrowing and contravene the borrowing restrictions in the SIS Act.

If you are unsure whether a transaction is permitted, speak with your accountant or SMSF adviser before you make it.

Key features continued

Sole benefit use	Funds in the offset sub-account must only be used in line with the fund's investment strategy and must not benefit any member personally before retirement.
Visibility and control	You can view your balance and transaction history through Online Access and Mobile Access. The transaction functions available on SMSF accounts are limited to the permitted channels described above.

REMEMBER

The offset sub-account is not intended to operate as an everyday transaction account. Access to payment functionality may be restricted or subject to approval from time to time.

Permitted transfers

Examples of permitted inflows and outflows.

- Transfer funds to your SMSF Cash Management Account held in the SMSF's name.
- Receiving rental income from SMSF property.
- Repayments to your SMSF loan.
- Receiving allowable contributions or rollovers (where permitted by your SMSF setup).
- Withdrawals which are permitted under the SIS Act including, for example:
 - Repairs and maintenance (but not improvements) of the mortgaged property.
 - Expenses incurred in relation to borrowing or purchasing the mortgaged property.
 - A refinance (including any accrued interest) in relation to the mortgaged property.

What your offset facility cannot be used for

Not available on your SMSF offset facility.

- Pay Anyone.
- ATM access, debit cards, or cheque usage.
- Payments to personal, unrelated third-party accounts or business use outside the SMSF.
- Early withdrawals before meeting a condition of release.

These are product controls applied under the terms of your loan, to keep the facility operating consistently with its terms and intended purpose. They are not a direction given to you under the SIS Act. Responsibility for your fund's compliance with the SIS Act, including the sole purpose test, the preservation rules and the borrowing restrictions, rests with you as trustee, together with your advisers.

If you are unsure whether a transaction is permitted, speak with your accountant or SMSF adviser before you make it.

SMSF trustee compliance obligations

Sole purpose rule	All transactions must be for the sole purpose of providing retirement benefits to members (or their dependents in the case of death). Any personal or non-SMSF use is strictly prohibited.
Preservation of funds	Withdrawals from the SMSF (including via the offset sub-account) are not allowed unless a valid condition of release has been met (e.g. retirement, reaching age 65, terminal illness).
No financial assistance	You cannot use SMSF funds in any way that provides direct or indirect financial help to members or related parties.
Arm's length transactions	Any transaction must be conducted on commercial terms, even when dealing with related parties (e.g. rent, property management fees).
Audit and documentation	All transactions must be clearly documented and consistent with your fund's investment strategy. You are responsible for ensuring proper records are available for annual audits and ATO review.

Consequences of non-compliance

Where the sub-account is used inconsistently with your loan terms, we may change, suspend or cancel the offset facility, or restrict access to payment functionality, in accordance with those terms. We will tell you if we do. We may also report a matter to a regulator or law enforcement agency where we are required or permitted to do so.

Contraventions of the SIS Act are reportable to the Australian Taxation Office by the fund's approved SMSF auditor and by trustees. A contravention can have serious consequences for your fund, including loss of complying fund status, trustee disqualification, administrative penalties and additional tax.

DISCLAIMER

Like any investment, investing in property using a Self-Managed Super Fund (SMSF) involves risks. It's important for investors to seek independent advice and thoroughly evaluate any proposals presented to them. Please refer to the ATO website ato.gov.au/self-managed-super-funds-smsf for the most up to date information on SMSF investment considerations and obligations.

This document is general information only. It does not take into account the objectives, financial situation or needs of any SMSF trustee and is not financial, tax or legal advice. SMSF borrowing, tax and offset arrangements are complex and trustees should obtain independent financial, tax and legal advice. The offset sub-account is a feature of your loan. It is not a deposit account, we are not an authorised deposit-taking institution and balances are not covered by the Financial Claims Scheme. This document is a summary only. Your loan agreement, the General Terms and Conditions and the applicable fee schedule prevail to the extent of any inconsistency. Features, transaction channels and fees may change from time to time in accordance with those terms.

If you are unsure whether a transaction is permitted, speak with your accountant or SMSF adviser before you make it.